STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT KWENDILL HOLDINGS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT KERR STREET TOWN OF COBOURG

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INTRODUCTION

Kwendill Holdings Ltd. is proposing to develop an Industrial subdivision fronting onto the recent Kerr Street extension in Cobourg. The property was formerly owned by CN and is presently undeveloped. It is approximately 7.3 ha in area, bounded by Kerr Street to the north, Limpact to the east, CPR (formerly CNR) railway to the south, and Home Hardware to the west.

The area west of the rail spur line is proposed to be severed from the property. A total of six (6) industrial lots are proposed east of the rail spur line. The lot lines for lots 1-6 as noted on the site plan may change, depending on the requirements of the purchaser. As noted, the proposed lots range in size from 0.7 ha to 1.4 ha in area.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

STORMWATER ANALYSIS

The development of this site will increase the overall runoff coefficient, as a result of the increased impervious surface (roadway, driveways, and buildings). The analysis completed for the surface water runoff is based on the following:

1. IDF data for Cobourg Midtown Creek (stage-storage-discharge)

Return	Regression		
	constants		
Period	a	b	С
(year)			
2	425	4.3	0.744
5	530	3.3	0.741
10	620	3	0.741
25	710	2.8	0.739
50	810	2.8	0.746
100	825	1.7	0.739

Where $I (mm/hr) = a/(t+b)^{c}$

2. Rational Method

l Method $Q_p = 0.0028CIA$ Formula $T_{a}=(2.26(1.1 C)D(1/2)/S(1/2 c))$

Airport Formula
Bransby Williams

 $Tc=(3.26(1.1-C)D^{1/2})/S^{1/3}$, when C<=0.40

- $Tc=0.057(L)/S^{0.2}A^{0.1}$, when C>0.40
- 5. MTO Drainage Management Manual
- 6. MOE Stormwater Management Planning & Design Manual, 2003
- 7. MNR River and Stream Systems Erosion Hazard Limit Technical Guide
- 8. Construction Greater Golden Horseshoe Area Conservation Authorities Erosion and Sedimentation Control Guideline for Urban Construction

- 9. Credit Valley Conservation and Toronto and Region Conservation Low-Impact Development Stormwater Management Planning and Design Guide
- 10. Municipal Engineering Standards
- 11. Runoff Coefficient of 0.25 for open field and landscaped areas (Pre-Development)
- 12. Runoff Coefficient of 0.90 for paved surface, concrete and building roof
- 13. Runoff Coefficient of 0.75 for Limpact
- 14. Runoff Coefficient of 0.80 for Development (Cobourg C=0.60-0.85 for Medium Industrial development, GRCA C=0.75-0.90)
- 15. Geotechnical Investigation Report, prepared by GHD, January, 2021

QUANTITY CONTROLS

PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS

The surface drainage patterns are illustrated on the Existing Drainage Conditions Plan, Drawing No. 20-635-Existing, in the Appendix. The plan illustrates three (3) extraneous drainage areas and two (2) development drainage areas. These are:

Catchment	Area	Comment
ID	(sq.m)	
EXT1	7,275	CPR railway lands to the south. ¹ / ₂ the area is draining onto
		the development lands.
EXT2	17,922	Limpact (Industrial developed lot to the east of the site).
EXT3	2,547	The rail spur line between the proposed severed parcel and
		Lot 1.
1	13,719	The land on the west side of the spur line (Proposed
		severed parcel). Surface runoff is directed towards the
		existing culvert under the spur line, discharging onto Lot
		1.
2	59,560	The land on the east side of the spur line (Lots 1-6).

Surface runoff from the described catchment areas is directed towards the existing box culvert under the railway tracks, near the SW corner of the development area. The box culvert is a cast in place concrete structure (opening 1.7m wide x 0.93m high) with an open (earth) bottom. Stormwater is discharged to the south side of the tracks, and into the municipal storm sewer system through the existing Mall.

The Kerr Street extension was constructed in 2020. Surface runoff from the Industrial Park north of Kerr Street previously discharged onto the subject land. The Kerr Street extension included the construction of a municipal storm sewer system, and now intercepts the surface runoff from the existing Industrial Park, and reduces the flow through the box culvert.

<u>EXTRANEOUS AREAS</u> - Calculate the average runoff coefficient for the Extraneous drainage area.

Surface		Area	С	AxC
SPUR LINE		2547	0.25	636.8
MAIN TRACK		7275	0.25	1818.8
LIMPACT		17922	0.75	13441.5
	TOTAL	27744		15897.0
	Weighted	I C	0.57	

Calculate the peak discharge using the Rational Method.

Peak Runoff $Q_p = 0.0028$ CIA Where $Q_p =$ peak runoff, cms C = runoff coefficient I = rainfall intensity, mm/hr A = area, hectares

Calculate the time of concentration (t) using the Bransby Williams Equation.

Tc=0.057(L)/S^0.2*A^0.1, where L=200m, S=1.0% and A=2.77ha Tc= 14.37 minutes

The peak discharge is:

t=min	14.37	C=	0.57	A=	2.774	
	2-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr
I=mm/hr	48.16	63.12	74.78	86.86	97.14	105.99
Q=cms	0.214	0.281	0.333	0.387	0.432	0.472

The discharge from the Extraneous catchment areas will not be controlled.

<u>SEVERED PARCEL</u> (Catchment 1) - The preliminary SWM calculations for the severed parcel are presented in the Appendix.

In summary, the peak discharge from Lot 1 area is:

	t=min	21.51	C=	0.25	A=	1.372	
PRE		2-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr
	I=mm/hr	37.85	49.08	57.93	67.17	74.94	80.77
	Q=cms	0.036	0.047	0.056	0.065	0.072	0.078
Controlled	Q=cms	<u>0.018</u>	<u>0.033</u>				<u>0.054</u>

(Mid-Town Creek – Control discharge of 2-yr storm to 50% of Pre-Development discharge, 5-yr storm to 70% of Pre-Development discharge, and the 100-yr storm to 70% of Pre-Development discharge).

The discharge from the severed parcel will be controlled separately, and discharge through the SWM facility for Lot 1-6.

<u>LOT 1-6</u> (Catchment 2) - Calculate the time of concentration (t) using the Airport Formula.

Tc=(3.26(1.1-C)D^1/2)/S^1/3, where C=0.25, D=200m, S=1% Tc=39.92 minutes

The peak discharge from Lot 1-6 area is:

PRE	t=min I=mm/hr Q=cms	39.12 2-yr 25.70 0.107	C= 5-yr 32.98 0.138	0.25 10-yr 38.79 0.162	A= 25-yr 44.91 0.187	5.956 50-yr 49.91 0.208	100-yr 53.22 0.222
Controlled	Q=cms	<u>0.054</u>	<u>0.096</u>				<u>0.155</u>

(Mid-Town Creek – Control discharge of 2-yr storm to 50% of Pre-Development discharge, 5-yr storm to 70% of Pre-Development discharge, and the 100-yr storm to 70% of Pre-Development discharge).

POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS

The Post-Development conditions are illustrated on Drawing No. 20-635-POST. Zoning on the land limits the coverage to 60%. Specific plans for each lot will be prepared by the individual purchaser. Each lot will be developed through site plan approval. For design purposes, the runoff coefficient for the developed property is 0.80.

The storm sewer system on Kerr Street was not designed to accept any runoff from this development. Surface water runoff from the development will be directed to the south and through the existing box culvert under the railway.

For Post-Development conditions, $T_c = 15.0$ minutes for design purposes. The peak uncontrolled discharge from Lot 1-6 for Post-Development conditions is:

	t=min	15.00	C=	0.80	A=	5.956	
POST		2	5	10	25	50	100
	I=mm/hr	46.98	61.49	72.82	84.57	94.55	103.01
	Q=cms	0.627	0.820	0.971	1.128	1.261	1.374

Stormwater discharge from lot 1-6 must be controlled to 50% of peak Pre-Development discharge (0.054cms) for the 2-yr storm event and 70% of peak Pre-Development discharge, for the 5-yr (0.096cms) and the 100-yr (0.155cms) storm events. A SWM facility will be constructed along the south property limits of Lot 1-6. The SWM storage requirements for the various storm events are presented in the following tables.

The stormwater storage required for Lots 1-6 during the 2-yr storm event is:

	2-YEAR 1	TOTAL F	0.054	cms	
AREA TIME	5.956 INT (I)	Qp	RUNOFF	DISCHAR	STOR VOL
(min)	(mm/hr)	(cms)	VOL (m3)	VOL (m3)	(m3)
10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 92 94 96 98	58.72 39.58 30.63 25.32 21.76 19.19 17.23 15.69 14.43 14.21 13.99 13.79 13.58	0.783 0.528 0.409 0.338 0.290 0.256 0.230 0.209 0.193 0.190 0.187 0.184 0.181	470.1 633.7 735.5 810.7 871.0 921.7 965.7 1004.7 1039.8 1046.4 1053.0 1059.4 1065.7	32.1 64.3 96.4 128.6 160.7 192.9 225.0 257.2 289.3 295.8 302.2 308.6 315.0	437.9 569.4 639.1 682.1 710.3 728.8 740.6 747.5 750.5 750.7 750.8 750.7 750.6
100 110 120	13.39 12.51 11.75	0.179 0.167 0.157	1071.9 1101.4 1128.9	321.5 353.6 385.8	750.4 747.8 743.1
120	11.70	0.107	1120.3	000.0	7 70.1

The SWM facility must provide a minimum 751 cu.m of runoff storage to control the discharge to 0.054cms.

	5-YEAR TOTAL FLOW			0.096	cms
AREA TIME	5.956 INT (I)	Qp	RUNOFF	DISCHAR	STOR VOL
(min)	(mm/hr)	(cms)	VOL (m3)	VOL (m3)	(m3)
10	77.89	1.039	623.5	57.8	565.8
20	51.41	0.686	823.1	115.5	707.6
30	39.46	0.526	947.6	173.3	774.3
40	32.48	0.433	1040.0	231.0	809.0
50	27.85	0.372	1114.5	288.8	825.8
52	27.10	0.362	1127.9	300.3	827.6
54	26.39	0.352	1140.9	311.9	829.0
56	25.73	0.343	1153.4	323.4	830.0
58	25.11	0.335	1165.6	335.0	830.6
60	24.52	0.327	1177.4	346.5	<u>830.9</u>
62	23.96	0.320	1189.0	358.1	830.9
64	23.43	0.313	1200.2	369.6	830.6
66	22.92	0.306	1211.1	381.2	830.0
68	22.45	0.299	1221.8	392.7	829.1
70	21.99	0.293	1232.2	404.3	827.9
80	20.00	0.267	1280.9	462.0	818.9
90	18.39	0.245	1324.9	519.8	805.1
100	17.05	0.228	1365.2	577.5	787.6
110	15.93	0.212	1402.3	635.3	767.0
120	14.96	0.200	1436.8	693.0	743.8

The stormwater storage required for Lots 1-6 during the 5-yr storm event is:

The SWM facility must provide a minimum 831 cu.m of runoff storage to control the discharge to 0.096cms.

100-YEA	R TOTAL FI	0.155 c	ms		
AREA	5.956				
TIME	INT (I)	Qp	RUNOFF VOL	DISCHAR	STOR VOL
(min)	(mm/hr)	(cms)	(m3)	VOL (m3)	(m3)
10	133.99	2.234	1340.7	93.2	1247.5
20	84.88	1.416	1698.7	186.4	1512.3
30	64.15	1.070	1925.6	279.6	1646.0
40	52.38	0.874	2096.5	372.7	1723.8
50	44.69	0.745	2235.7	465.9	1769.8
60	39.21	0.654	2354.2	559.1	1795.1
62	38.30	0.639	2376.0	577.8	1798.3
64	37.43	0.624	2397.3	596.4	1800.9
66	36.61	0.611	2418.0	615.0	1803.0
68	35.83	0.598	2438.2	633.7	1804.6
70	35.09	0.585	2458.0	652.3	1805.7
72	34.39	0.573	2477.4	670.9	1806.4
74	33.71	0.562	2496.3	689.6	<u>1806.7</u>
76	33.07	0.552	2514.8	708.2	1806.6
78	32.45	0.541	2533.0	726.9	1806.1
80	31.87	0.531	2550.8	745.5	1805.3
90	29.26	0.488	2634.9	838.7	1796.3
100	27.10	0.452	2712.1	931.9	1780.2
110	25.29	0.422	2783.6	1025.1	1758.5
120	23.74	0.396	2850.2	1118.2	1731.9

The stormwater storage required for Lots 1-6 during the 100-yr storm event is:

The SWM facility must provide a minimum 1,807cu.m of runoff storage to control the discharge to 0.096cms.

The SWM discharge will be controlled by installing a structure outside the existing box culvert, as detailed on the plans. The structure will have a weir control, with the discharge calculated using the Weir Equation $Q=1.67*L*H^{1.5}$, where L is the length of the weir and H is the depth of water over the weir.

The peak flow from the Extraneous drainage area will flow through the SWM facility, but will not be controlled. Drainage from the severed parcel will be controlled on its own, and will also flow through the SWM facility. The weir discharge will be:

Catchment	2-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr
EXT1, 2 & 3	0.214	0.281	0.333	0.387	0.432	0.472
1 – Severed parcel	0.018	0.033	0.039	0.045	0.050	0.054
2 - Lot 1-6	0.054	0.096	0.113	0.131	0.146	0.155
Discharge Q(cms)	0.286	0.410	0.485	0.563	0.628	0.681

The weir length will be 0.5m. The pond storage and discharge is presented in the following table.

Н	Discharge	SWM volume	SWM Volume
(Water depth m)	(cms)	provided (cu.m)	required (cu.m)
0.49	0.286	960.1	751
0.62	0.410	1260	831
0.87	0.678	2670	1,807

The proposed SWM facility will provide the necessary quantity controls.

QUALITY CONTROLS

Drawing No. 20-635-ES illustrates the Erosion and Sediment Controls for the development. The developer will construct the earth berm along the railway line and the SWM facility. Prior to commencing these construction activities, a silt fence is to be installed along the south property line, and rock check dam is to be placed at the box culvert entrance. In order to limit erosion and sediment transport, the earth berm is to be stabilized (topsoil and seed, or erosion control blanket) as soon as practical. The silt fence can be removed once the bank is stabilized.

The Industrial Subdivision will not have a central Stormwater Quality control facility, and as such quality control is to be provided for each individual lot. The individual site plans will need to address both temporary and permanent quality control. Temporary quality control during construction will include the installation of a silt fence along the north bank of the SWM facility, and a rock check dam within any side yard swale. These can be removed once the lot is landscaped and paved.

Permanent quality control may be achieved with the side yard grassed swale and the construction of a grassed filter strip along the south lot development limit. Additional controls such as the installation of a quality control structure may be required if the site development requires the installation of a private storm sewer system. It may also be possible to install an infiltration system. The options will need to be evaluated during site plan approval.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

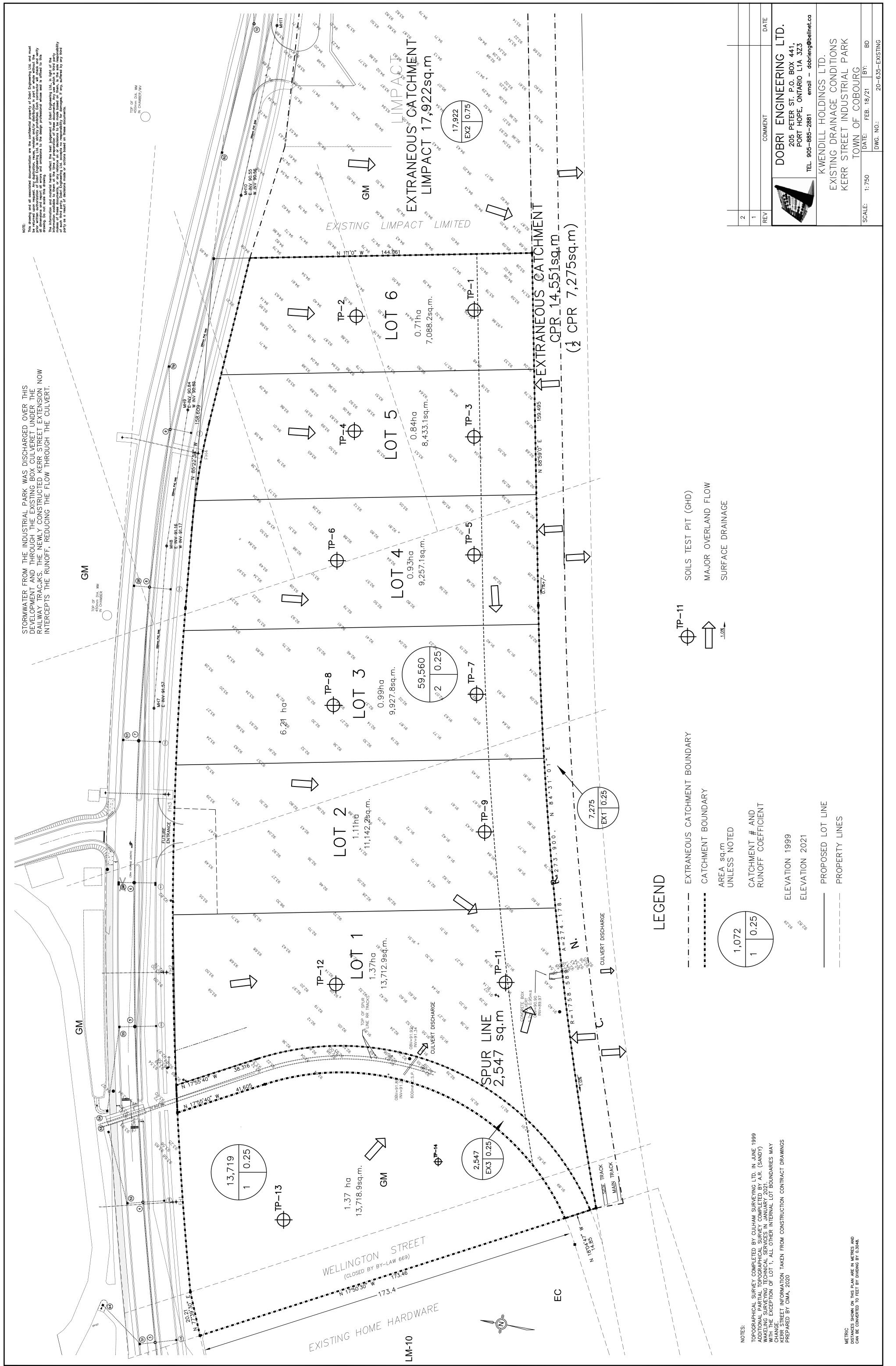
Based on this evaluation, we make the following conclusions and recommendations:

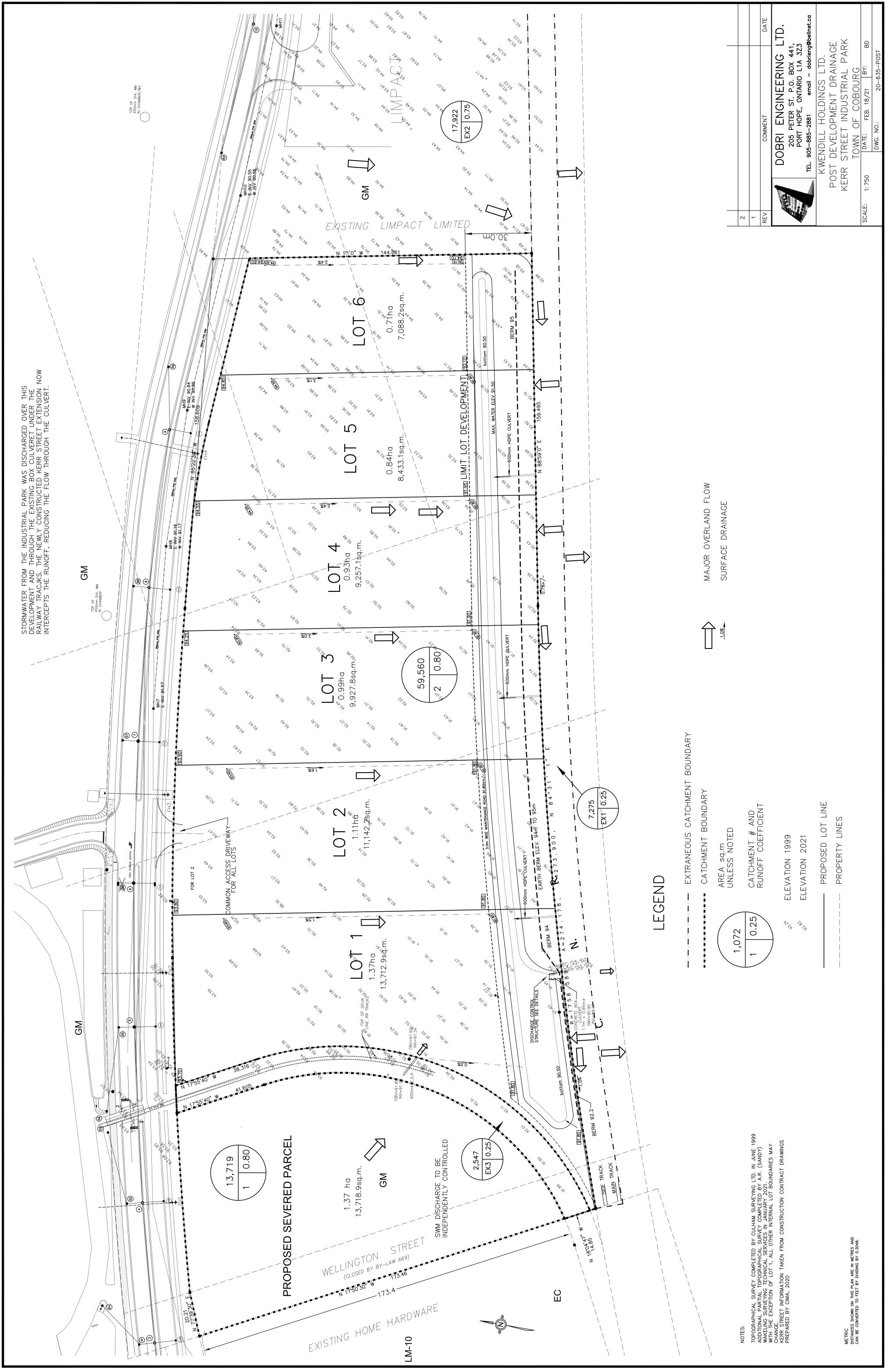
- 1. The development area is within the Mid-Town Creek catchment area.
- 2. Erosion and sedimentation control measures, both before and during construction, should be carried out as detailed herein. All controls need to be maintained and repaired for the duration of construction.
- 3. Permanent stormwater quantity control will be provided by constructing the SWM facility noted, and controlling the discharge via a weir structure.
- 4. **Permanent stormwater quality control will be provided on a lot per lot basis.** The design will be completed as part of the site plan application.
- 5. Stormwater quality and quantity controls for the severed parcel must be provided on the severed property, prior to discharging onto Lot 1.

Prepared by: Bruno Dobri, P. Eng. Dobri Engineering Ltd.



APPENDIX





SEVERED PARCEL - STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

STORMWATER ANALYSIS

The development of this site will increase the overall runoff coefficient, as a result of the increased impervious surface (roadway, driveways, and buildings). The analysis completed for the surface water runoff is based on the following:

1. IDF data for Cobourg Midtown Creek (stage-storage-discharge)

Regression		
a	b	С
425	4.3	0.744
530	3.3	0.741
620	3	0.741
710	2.8	0.739
810	2.8	0.746
825	1.7	0.739
	<i>constants</i> <i>a</i> 425 530 620 710 810	<i>constants</i> <i>a b</i> 425 4.3 530 3.3 620 3 710 2.8 810 2.8

Where $I (mm/hr) = a/(t+b)^{c}$

- 2. Rational Method $Q_p = 0.0028CIA$
- 3. Airport Formula $Tc = (3.26(1.1-C)D^{1/2})/S^{1/3}$, when C<=0.40
- 4. Bransby Williams $Tc=0.057(L)/S^{0.2}*A^{0.1}$, when C>0.40
- 5. MTO Drainage Management Manual
- 6. MOE Stormwater Management Planning & Design Manual, 2003
- 7. MNR River and Stream Systems Erosion Hazard Limit Technical Guide
- 8. Construction Greater Golden Horseshoe Area Conservation Authorities Erosion and Sedimentation Control Guideline for Urban Construction
- 9. Credit Valley Conservation and Toronto and Region Conservation Low-Impact Development Stormwater Management Planning and Design Guide
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- 11. Runoff Coefficient of 0.25 for open field and landscaped areas (Pre-Development)
- 12. Runoff Coefficient of 0.90 for paved surface, concrete and building roof
- 13. Runoff Coefficient of 0.75 for Limpact
- 14. Runoff Coefficient of 0.80 for Development (Cobourg C=0.60-0.85 for Medium Industrial development, GRCA C=0.75-0.90)
- 15. Geotechnical Investigation Report, prepared by GHD, January, 2021

QUANTITY CONTROLS

PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS

The surface drainage patterns are illustrated on the Existing Drainage Conditions Plan, Drawing No. 20-635-Existing, in the Appendix.

SEVERED PARCEL (Catchment 1)

Catchment ID	Area (sq.m)	Comment
1	13,719	The land on the west side of the spur line (Proposed severed parcel). Surface runoff is directed towards the existing culvert under the spur line, discharging onto Lot 1.

- Calculate the time of concentration (t) using the Airport Formula.

Tc=(3.26(1.1-C)D^1/2)/S^1/3, where C=0.25, D=96m, S=2% Tc=21.51 minutes

The peak discharge from Catchment 1 area is:

PRE	t=min	21.51 2-yr	C= 5-yr	0.25 10-yr	A= 25-yr	1.372 50-yr	100-yr
	I=mm/hr Q=cms	37.85 0.036	49.08 0.047	57.93 0.056	67.17 0.065	74.94 0.072	80.77 0.078
Controlled	Q=cms	<u>0.018</u>	<u>0.033</u>				<u>0.054</u>

(Mid-Town Creek – Control discharge of 2-yr storm to 50% of Pre-Development discharge, 5-yr storm to 70% of Pre-Development discharge, and the 100-yr storm to 70% of Pre-Development discharge).

POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS

The Post-Development conditions are illustrated on Drawing No. 20-635-POST. Zoning on the land limits the coverage to 60%. Specific plans for each lot will be prepared by the individual purchaser. Each lot will be developed through site plan approval. For design purposes, the runoff coefficient for the developed property is 0.80.

The storm sewer system on Kerr Street was not designed to accept any runoff from this development. Surface water runoff from the development will be directed to the south and through the existing box culvert under the railway.

Stormwater Management Report, Kwendill Holdings Ltd., Severed Parcel, Kerr Street, Town of Cobourg February 18, 2021

For Post-Development conditions, $T_c = 15.0$ minutes for design purposes. The peak uncontrolled discharge from the severed parcel under the Post-Development conditions is:

	t=min	15.00	C=	0.80	A=	5.956	
POST		2	5	10	25	50	100
	I=mm/hr	46.98	61.49	72.82	84.57	94.55	103.01
	Q=cms	0.627	0.820	0.971	1.128	1.261	1.374

Stormwater discharge from the severed parcel must be controlled to 50% of peak Pre-Development discharge (0.018cms) for the 2-yr storm event and 70% of peak Pre-Development discharge, for the 5-yr (0.033cms) and the 100-yr (0.053cms) storm events. A SWM facility will be constructed along the south property limits of the property. The SWM storage requirements for the various storm events are presented in the following tables.

The stormwater storage required for the severed parcel during the 2-yr storm event is:

	2-YEAR 1	2-YEAR TOTAL FLOW 0.0				
AREA TIME	1.372 INT (I)	Qp	RUNOFF	DISCHAR	STOR VOL	
(min)	(mm/hr)	(cms)	VOL (m3)	VOL (m3)	(m3)	
10	58.72	0.180	108.3	10.9	97.4	
20	39.58	0.122	146.0	21.8	124.2	
30	30.63	0.094	169.4	32.7	136.7	
40	25.32	0.078	186.7	43.6	143.1	
50	21.76	0.067	200.6	54.5	146.1	
52	21.18	0.065	203.1	56.7	146.4	
54	20.64	0.063	205.5	58.9	146.6	
56	20.13	0.062	207.8	61.1	146.8	
58	19.65	0.060	210.1	63.2	146.9	
60	19.19	0.059	212.3	65.4	<u>146.9</u>	
62	18.76	0.058	214.4	67.6	146.8	
64	18.35	0.056	216.5	69.8	146.7	
70	17.23	0.053	222.4	76.3	146.1	
80	15.69	0.048	231.4	87.2	144.2	
90	14.43	0.044	239.5	98.1	141.4	
100	13.39	0.041	246.9	109.0	137.9	

The SWM facility must provide a minimum 146.9 cu.m of runoff storage to control the discharge to 0.018cms.

The stormwater storage required for the severed parcel during the 5-yr storm event is:

	5-YEAR 1	TOTAL F	LOW	0.033	cms
AREA TIME	1.372 INT (I)	Qp	RUNOFF	DISCHAR	STOR
(min)	(mm/hr)	(cms)	VOL (m3)	VOL (m3)	VOL (m3)
10 20	77.89 51.41	0.239 0.158	143.6 189.6	19.8 39.6	123.8 150.0
20 30	51.41 39.46	0.156	218.3	59.6 59.4	150.0
32	37.79	0.116	210.5	63.3	159.6
34	36.28	0.111	227.4	67.3	160.1
36	34.90	0.107	231.7	71.3	160.4
38	33.64	0.103	235.7	75.2	<u>160.5</u>
40	32.48	0.100	239.6	79.2	160.4
42	31.41	0.097	243.3	83.1	160.1
44	30.42	0.093	246.8	87.1	159.7
46	29.50	0.091	250.2	91.1	159.2
48	28.65	0.088	253.5	95.0	158.5
50	27.85	0.086	256.7	99.0	157.7
60	24.52	0.075	271.2	118.8	152.4
70	21.99	0.068	283.8	138.6	145.3
80	20.00	0.061	295.0	158.4	136.7
90	18.39	0.057	305.2	178.2	127.0
100	17.05	0.052	314.4	197.9	116.5
110	15.93	0.049	323.0	217.7	105.3
120	14.96	0.046	331.0	237.5	93.4

The SWM facility must provide a minimum 160.5 cu.m of runoff storage to control the discharge to 0.033cms.

100-YEAR TOTAL FLOW			0.054 cr	ns	
AREA TIME	1.372 INT (I)	Qp	RUNOFF	DISCHAR	STOR
(min)	(mm/hr)	(cms)	VOL (m3)	VOL (m3)	VOL (m3)
10	133.99	0.515	308.8	32.6	276.2
20	84.88	0.326	391.3	65.2	326.1
30	64.15	0.246	443.5	97.7	345.8
40	52.38	0.201	482.9	130.3	352.6
42	50.60	0.194	489.8	136.8	353.0
44	48.95	0.188	496.4	143.3	353.1
46	47.43	0.182	502.8	149.9	353.0
48	46.01	0.177	509.0	156.4	352.6
50	44.69	0.172	515.0	162.9	352.1
52	43.45	0.167	520.8	169.4	351.4
54	42.29	0.162	526.4	175.9	350.5
56	41.20	0.158	531.8	182.4	349.4
58	40.18	0.154	537.1	188.9	348.2
60	39.21	0.151	542.3	195.5	346.8
70	35.09	0.135	566.2	228.0	338.1
80	31.87	0.122	587.5	260.6	326.9
90	29.26	0.112	606.9	293.2	313.7
100	27.10	0.104	624.7	325.8	298.9
110	25.29	0.097	641.2	358.4	282.8
120	23.74	0.091	656.5	390.9	265.6

The stormwater storage required for the severed parcel during the 100-yr storm event is:

The SWM facility must provide a minimum 353.1cu.m of runoff storage to control the discharge to 0.054cms.

The SWM discharge will be controlled by installing an outlet culvert with an orifice plate. The orifice opening will be a slot, 0.04m wide, full height of the outlet culvert (600mm). The orifice equation was used to determine the controlled outlet flow.

Where Q = CA*SQRT(2gH) Q = discharge (cms) C = 0.6 g = 9.81 m/sec/secH = water head (water elevation – centre of orifice elevation)

Н	Discharge	SWM volume	SWM Volume
(Water depth m)	(cms)	provided (cu.m)	required (cu.m)
0.10 (0.4m)	0.018	214	147
0.26 (0.56m)	0.033	314	161
0.70 (1.0m)	0.054	634	353

The pond storage and discharge is presented in the following table.

The proposed preliminary SWM facility will provide the necessary quantity controls.

QUALITY CONTROLS

The site plan will need to address both temporary and permanent quality control. Temporary quality control during construction will typically include the installation of a silt fence along the property lines and any material stockpiles, and the installation of rock check dams or strawbales within any side yard swale. These can be removed once the lot is landscaped and paved.

Permanent quality control may be achieved with the side yard grassed swale and the construction of a grassed filter strip along the south lot development limit. Additional controls such as the installation of a quality control structure may be required if the site development requires the installation of a private storm sewer system. It may also be possible to install an infiltration system. The options will need to be evaluated during site plan approval.

